# REQUEST FOR QUALIFICATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE SALADO WASTEWATER SYSTEM

### Village of Salado

The VILLAGE OF SALADO, TEXAS ("Village") requests the submission of statements of qualifications for the provision of management, operation and maintenance services for the Salado Wastewater System. Interested responders may obtain a copy of the Request for Qualifications ("RFQ"), which specifies details regarding the response and selection process, at the Salado Municipal Building. 301 N. Stagecoach, Salado, Texas, 76571, online at www.saladotx.gov or by contacting Village Administrator Don Ferguson by phone at 254,947,5060 or via email at dferguson@saladotx.gov. All proposals must be sealed and received by the Village at the Salado Municipal Building, 301 N. Stagecoach /P.O. Box 219, Salado, Texas, 76571. on or before 2:00 p.m., Monday, January 7, 2019. Envelopes containing responses shall be properly addressed and marked "Request for Qualifications - Wastewater System Management, Operation and Maintenance Services". Any response received after this time and date will not be considered. Facsimile responses and electronically mailed responses will not be accepted. Responses will be opened and read aloud at 2:00 p.m., Monday, January 7, 2019, at the Salado Municipal Building.



Village of Salado, Texas

**Request for Qualifications (RFQ)** 

For
Management, Operation
& Maintenance Of
Municipal Wastewater System

Issue Date: December 4, 2018

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### 1. BACKGROUND AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The Village of Salado (the "Village"), a Type A General Law municipality, located in Bell County, Texas, is soliciting qualifications from qualified and interested firms for the management, operation and maintenance of its municipal wastewater system located within the corporate limits of the Village and its E-T-J.

### 1.1 Background

The Village is seeking a qualified contractor to manage, operate and maintain its municipal wastewater system. The Village does not intend to provide these services themselves at any point in the near future.

Construction of the subject wastewater system is nearing completion and is projected to come on line in early 2019.

The wastewater system is somewhat unique, in that it will not serve the entire municipality. The system service area encompasses the Village's business district, as well as a nearby planned mixed-use development and some adjacent, limited residential developments. Initially, the system will serve approximately 130 connections.

That said, the Village expects growth in its overall population in the near future. The growth will result in an expansion of the above-mentioned wastewater service area. The successful contractor will be expected to provide the required services to the additional connections, without any decrease in the level of quality of service.

### 1.2 Authority for Procurement

This procurement falls under the statutory authority of the Texas Local Government Code § 252, and applicable sections of the Texas Water Code, which authorize municipalities to enter into an agreement with one (1) or more persons to provide personnel, equipment, systems, facilities, and services necessary to operate a municipal wastewater system, including a wastewater treatment plant.

### 1.3 Title VI Assurance

The Village, in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, hereby notifies all Proposers that it will enforce compliance with this law, investigate alleged violations, and affirmatively ensure that in any contract entered into pursuant to the Village procurements, minority business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit responses and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, national origin, sex, age, or disability in consideration for an award.

Nondiscrimination programs require that federal-aid recipients, subrecipients, and contractors prevent discrimination and ensure nondiscrimination in all of their programs and activities, whether those programs are federally funded or not.

### 1.4 Environmental Impact

It is the intent of the Village to purchase goods, equipment, and services having the least adverse environmental impact within the constraints of statutory purchasing requirements, municipal need, availability, and sound financial considerations. Please note that portions of the subject wastewater system are located in an environmentally sensitive geographical area, which may be subject to more stringent requirements and regulations to protect the environment.

### 1.5 Village Organizational Structure

The Village is the contracting party for this procurement. The procured services will be used by the Village, which was incorporated in 2000. The governing body for the Village is the Board of Aldermen, consisting of a publicly-elected Mayor and five (5) Aldermen. The Village is managed by a Village Administrator. All contracts or awards must be approved by the duly-elected governing body to be effective.

### 1.6 Sales Tax

Purchases made for public use are exempt from the State sales tax and Federal excise tax. Do not include tax in response pricing unless otherwise specified in the RFQ. State sales tax and Federal excise tax exemption certificates will be furnished by the Village on request.

### 1.7 Proposal Costs

The Village is not liable for any costs incurred by the Proposer in responding to this RFQ.

### 2. SCOPE OF WORK

### 2.1 Description of Wastewater System

The Village's wastewater system (the "System"), which is currently under construction, is projected to come on line in early March 2019. The System consists of a wastewater treatment plant, lift stations, and a collection system. Initially, there will be approximately 130 connections, with growth in the connection count expected in the near future.

### Wastewater Treatment Plant

The wastewater treatment plant is located approximately 2,000 feet north from the end of Shepherd Drive, Salado, TX 76571. The plant is an activated sludge plant with an initial treatment capacity of 200,000 gallons per day. It consists of the following components:

- Lift Station
- Headworks with automated screening
- Aeration Basin
- Clarifier
- Chlorine Contact Chamber
- Cloth disk filters
- Effluent metering structure with cascade aeration
- Two (2) sludge pumps
- Aeration system with three (3) blowers
- Polymer feed system and two (2) sludge dewatering trailers
- Plant water system
- Aerobic Digester
- Back-Up Generator

The plant will be regulated by TPDES Permit WQ 0014898001 (the "Permit"), a copy of which is attached. The permit contains two (2) phases and ultimately allows for a discharge of up to 300,000 gallons per day with a peak two (2) hour flow of 1.2 mgd. The TPDES permit expires at midnight, December 1, 2020. The following are the treatment plant's projected influent characteristics and required effluent treatment levels:

### **Influent Characteristics:**

Interim (Phase 1) Flow Conditions:

200,000 GPD influent flow rate (Daily Average)

800,000 GPD Two Hour Peak Flow (4.0 times daily average flow)

310 mg/1 5 day biological oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>)

250 mg/1 Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

50 mg/1 Ammonia Nitrate (NH3-N)

### Phase II Flow Conditions:

300,000 GPD influent flow rate (Daily Average)

1,200,000 GPD Two Hour Peak Flow

310 mg/1 5 day biological oxygen demand (BOD<sub>5</sub>)

250 mg/1 Total Suspended Solids (TSS)

50 mg/1 Ammonia Nitrate (NH3-N)

### Required Effluent Treatment Levels (prefiltration):

10 mg/1 BOD<sub>5</sub>, 30 day average

15 TSS, 30 day average

2 mg/1 NH3-N

### Required Effluent Treatment Levels (after filtration)

5 mg/1 BOD<sub>5</sub>, 30 day average

5 mg/1 TSS, 30 day average

2 mg/1 NH3-N



Figure 1 – Village of Salado Wastewater Treatment Plant

### **Lift Stations**

The System consists of the following two (2) lift stations:

- Lift Station #1: Church Street, Salado, TX 76571 (Two 36HP pumps with a firm capacity of 530gpm)
- Lift Station #2: Royal Street, Salado, TX 76571 (Two 36HP pumps with a firm capacity of 560gpm)

Each lift station is equipped with a back-up portable pump, trailer mounted.

### Collection System

The System has a collection system consisting of more than 25,000 LF of sewer main, broken down as follows:

- 15,400 LF of Gravity Sewer (8"-15")
- 2,860 LF of 6" Dual Force Main
- 2,340 LF of 6"/8" Dual Force Main
- 4,700 LF of 2" & 3" Low Pressure Force Main

### **Profile of Customer Base**

The initial customer base consists of approximately twelve (12) small to mid-sized restaurants, four (4) churches, one (1) craft beer brewery, one (1) winery, one (1) convenience store, (1) funeral home, and more than thirty (30) residences. Growth in the customer base is projected in the near future and will include four (4) public schools, along with a small mixed-use development and several small to mid-sized residential subdivisions.

### 2.2 Contractor Scope of Work

### 2.2.1 General

The Village is requesting proposals from qualified providers interested in providing management, operation and maintenance services for the System. The Village seeks a Proposer to provide all of the management, staff, equipment, materials, and supplies required to efficiently and cost effectively manage, operate and maintain the System in compliance with the Permit and all applicable laws and regulations. The successful Proposer (the "Contractor") must be capable of providing the services, as described below. The final award of this bid is subject to the successful negotiation of an Operations and Maintenance Agreement (the "Operating Agreement"), as further described in Section 4.6 below.

The Contractor shall provide the specified services in accordance with all applicable local, federal and state laws, standards, rules, and regulations including, but not limited to, the applicable provisions of:

- Texas Local Government Code Title, 13, Water and Utilities, Chapter 552, Municipal Utilities.
- Texas Health and Safety Code, Title 5, Sanitation and Environmental Quality, all relevant sections.

- Texas Water Code.
- All other relevant federal, state, local, or special district, laws, rules, regulations, and ordinances.

The Contractor shall maintain all required licenses and certifications throughout the term of the Operating Agreement. When required, the Contractor shall furnish the Village satisfactory proof of its compliance.

The Scope of Services is categorized into (a) Base Services, (b) Repairs, and (c) Additional Services.

### 2.2.2 Base Services

- 2.2.2.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for assuring that wastewater is collected, stored, treated, conveyed, and discharged in accordance with all Permits and all other applicable Federal, State and local laws governing such actions.
- 2.2.2.2 The Contractor shall prepare and submit to appropriate agencies, all regulatory reports pertaining to routine operation and maintenance of the facilities specified herein.
- 2.2.2.3 The Contractor shall comply with all current local, State and Federal notice and reporting requirements, regarding violations, upsets, excursions, or emergencies related to the System.
- 2.2.2.4 The Contractor shall manage, operate and maintain the System with a minimum level of active participation by the Village.
- 2.2.2.5 The Contractor shall provide a sufficient number of certified, qualified employees, including management, administrative, operational, technical, laboratory and clerical personnel, to manage and operate the System.
- 2.2.2.6 The Contractor shall operate and maintain the System primarily through the use of its own employees but may subcontract with individuals or other entities for discrete tasks or responsibilities subject to the Village's approval in writing of any such subcontracts.
- 2.2.2.7 The Contractor shall maintain personnel and equipment for emergency response twenty-four (24) hours per day, seven (7) days per week and three hundred sixty-five (365) days per year. Emergencies shall include, but not be limited to, leaks and blockages in the sewage collection system, wastewater plant malfunctions that could result in regulatory or permit excursions, any response requested by the Village or its representative, or response to insistent resident concerns when necessary to maintain good Village relations.
- 2.2.2.8 Where employees are required by law or regulation to hold current licenses, certificates or authority to perform the work required of their respective positions, the Contractor shall ensure such required certificates, licenses or authorities are current and valid during the term of the Operating Agreement.
- 2.2.2.9 The Contractor shall operate all System facilities such that odor, noise and other negative effects are minimized and that adjacent neighborhoods and property owners are not disrupted within the design capacity and capability of the facilities.
- 2.2.2.10 The Contractor shall be responsible for all sampling, inspection and reporting

required by the Permit.

- 2.2.2.11 The Contractor shall monitor the System's facilities for leaks.
- 2.2.2.12 The Contractor shall maintain all System facilities in a clean, neat, and orderly fashion.
  - Administrative and other occupied spaces shall be kept clean, dry, and habitable.
  - Other spaces and floors shall be free of chemicals and debris.
  - Equipment, tools, and material will be properly stored.
  - Trees and shrubs shall be kept trimmed, grass shall be maintained, and other grounds shall be free of noxious weeds.
- 2.2.2.13 The Contractor shall provide for the proper disposal of screenings, grit, scum, sludges, and biosolids to existing disposal sites.
- 2.2.2.14 The Contractor shall coordinate the purchase and delivery of all chemicals necessary to maintain and operate the System.
- 2.2.2.15 The Contractor shall perform preventive maintenance for the System.
- 2.2.2.16 The Contractor shall, at their own expense, replace those items expended in the daily operation of the System. Those items include, but are not limited to, brooms, mops, dip nets, rakes, shovels, trash cans, hoses, nozzles, padlocks, and other such items used at the System facilities.
- 2.2.2.17 The Contractor shall maintain a computer database, accessible to the Village, which contains information relating to the operation and maintenance of the System including, but not limited to: telemetry and other flows measurements (influent, effluent and disposal volumes); sampling and testing data; inspection records; rainfall data; customer complaints; and other customer contacts; regulatory agency contacts and correspondence; maintenance records (including preventive maintenance); equipment and supply purchases, use and inventory; hours on location; and operator's records of any other operational activity for the System.
- 2.2.2.18 The Contractor shall provide written monthly reports to the Village of sufficient detail to fully explain all operations and maintenance activities for the month.
- 2.2.2.19 All bids for materials, supplies, and services by the Contractor shall be prepared and solicitations be performed under the same public procurement laws and regulations governing the Village.
- 2.2.2.20 The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs incurred in normal System operations.
- 2.2.2.21 The Contractor shall provide the Village a full accounting of all expenditures at intervals and in sufficient detail as specified by the Village and shall assist the Village in preparation of an annual operating budget.
- 2.2.2.22 The Contractor shall allow the Village to conduct audits of all accounting related to the System at a time determined by the Village.
- 2.2.2.23 The Contractor shall maintain all manufacturer's warranties on new equipment purchased by the Village, and assist the Village in the enforcement of all existing equipment warranties and guarantees.
- 2.2.2.24 The Contractor shall make timely recommendations for Capital Improvements, in writing, for capacity expansion, operational improvement, regulatory compliance,

and safety improvements to the Village for inclusion into the Village's Capital Improvement Plan.

2.2.2.25 The Contractor shall assist the Village with the TPDES permit renewal process by providing System information within Contractor's possession and control. Any additional assistance requested by the Village will be handled as a Change in Scope.

### 2.2.3 Repairs

The Contractor shall provide personnel, tools and equipment to perform repairs on the treatment plant, lift stations, and the collection system, as authorized by the Village. Repairs include, but are not limited to:

- Sewer main leaks, manhole repairs, repair of pumps, motors, valves and other equipment or facilities.
- Calibration and servicing of instrumentation, control systems and other equipment.
- Other maintenance as necessary, which requires special skills and/or tools, performed in conformance with equipment manufacturer's recommendations to maintain warranties and to extend the useful life of the equipment.

The fees to perform such services shall be considered separate from the monthly fee for management and operation of the System and shall be set forth in Schedule of Standard Rates in the Operating Agreement.

### 2.2.4 Additional Services

The Village may request additional services to be performed by the Contractor. The fees and frequencies for these Additional Services shall be included in the Operations Agreement. Additional Services may include, but are not limited to, the following items:

- Cleaning and televising of sewer lines
- Customer service inspections
- Grease trap inspections
- Manhole and sewer line infiltration/inflow surveys consisting of on-site visual inspection of facilities, smoke testing and video monitoring (TV inspection) as appropriate. Perform or participate in the rehabilitation of the sewer system to correct defects discovered by the infiltration/inflow survey.

The fees to perform such services shall be considered separate from the monthly fee for management and operation of the System and shall be set forth in the Schedule of Standard Rates in the Operating Agreement.

### 2.3 Village Responsibilities

- 2.3.2.1 The Village shall provide a project manager and/or oversight committee to facilitate the Contractor's activities in managing, operating and maintaining the System. That manager or Project Management Committee will oversee the Contractor's performance of and compliance with the Operating Agreement.
- 2.3.2.2 The Village shall provide responsive advice and counsel to facilitate the Contractor's efforts.

- 2.3.2.3 The Village shall be responsible for making the necessary capital improvements to provide for capacity increases, operational improvements, regulatory compliance, and safety.
- 2.3.2.4 The Village shall provide all customer billing and collection services.
- 2.3.2.5 The Village shall pay for all water and electrical power costs associated with the Project. (The Contractor shall use reasonable efforts to minimize power consumption of the Project through operational efficiency. The Contractor shall be responsible for recommending energy conservation programs or plans, which the Village may, in its sole discretion, implement if they require significant capital investment.)
- 2.3.2.6 The Village shall pay for all sludge hauling and disposal costs directly.
- 2.3.2.7 The Village shall provide to the Contractor all data in the Village's possession relating to the System. The Contractor will reasonably rely upon the accuracy and completeness of the information provided by the Village.

### 3. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND FORMAT

### 3.1 Minimum Contractor Qualifications

- 3.1.1 The Proposer shall be currently engaged in the business of providing similar wastewater management, operation and maintenance services and must have done so a minimum of three (3) years within the most recent seven (7) years.
- 3.1.2 The Proposer shall have experience working with Federal, State, or local governmental entities providing services similar in size and scope.
- 3.1.3 The Proposer shall be in good financial standing and current in payment of all taxes and fees.

### 3.2 Proposal Submission

- 3.2.1 Failure by the Proposer to submit the documentation listed below may disqualify the Proposer from consideration. The response submission shall be submitted in the format described in this section.
- 3.2.2 The Proposer shall submit one (1) signed and dated original (marked "Original"), three (3) copies (marked "Copy"), and one (1) electronic copy via CD or thumb drive. The submission shall be in separate loose-leaf binders on one sided, letter-size (8 1/2 by 11 inch) paper, in double-spaced format. The proposal shall be tab-indexed, corresponding to the sections listed below. Include only the information specified for each section.
- 3.2.3 Responses to this RFQ will be accepted until 2:00 PM CST on January 7, 2019.
  - If by hand delivery, it shall ONLY go to the City Secretary at the Salado Municipal Building located at 301 N. Stagecoach Road, Salado, TX 76571.
  - If by mail, it shall be addressed to the City Secretary, Village of Salado, P.O. Box 219, Salado, TX 76571, and shall be labeled "Attn: Request for Qualifications— Wastewater System Management, Operation and Maintenance Services".
- 3.2.4 Responses to this RFQ, and any pricing proposals must be clearly marked, "Attn: Request for Qualifications Wastewater System Management, Operation and Maintenance Services".

- 3.2.5 The Proposer is responsible for verifying that the Village has received the proposal. Late responses will not be considered under any circumstances and will be returned unopened to the Proposer.
- 3.2.6 All information submitted in an accepted response will be retained by the Village for the period specified in the State of Texas records retention schedule. The information will not be returned to the Proposer. The Public Information Act, Government Code Chapter § 552, allows the public to have access to information in the possession of a governmental body through an open records request. Therefore, the Proposer shall clearly identify in the response any confidential or proprietary information. Proprietary information identified by the Proposer in the response will be kept confidential by the Village to the extent permitted by law. In such cases, the Village will merely raise the exception on behalf of the Proposer. The Village will take no legal position on disclosure. The Village will use its best efforts to give the Proposer or the awarded vendor an opportunity to present to the Office of the Attorney General its arguments for non-disclosure of its identified confidential or proprietary information.
- 3.2.7 Any alterations to a response made before the submission deadline shall be submitted in writing, sealed, and clearly marked <a href="RFQ Response">RFQ Response</a> Amendment. The outer envelope must clearly show a postmark or receipt stamp <a href="before">before</a> the submission deadline to be considered. Responses cannot be altered or amended after the submission deadline. A response may be withdrawn, if requested in writing. The response will not be considered for award but will be retained by the Village, unsealed, until after the award and a contract is executed. Responses will be returned upon written request after a contract is secured.
- 3.2.8 The Proposer's response will be valid for a period of ninety (90) days after the submission deadline. The Proposer may elect to extend the validity period beyond this time at its discretion.
- 3.2.9 Only complete responses containing the required submittal documents and meeting qualifications will be considered. Minor inconsistencies or deviations may be waived at the Village's sole discretion. The Village will rank all proposals that are complete and responsive to the requirements of the RFQ and may select the Proposer whose proposal offers the apparent best value to the Village.

### 3.3 Proposal Format

- 3.3.1 Section 1 Cover Letter and Executive Summary
- 3.3.1.1 The cover letter shall be limited to two (2) pages and, as a minimum, include the following:

RFQ response due date

Proposer's (company) name

Proposer's contact name, address, telephone number and email address

- 3.3.12 The executive summary shall provide a brief introduction of the Proposer and project team, plus a summary-level overview of the proposed operation. The executive summary shall be limited to five (5) pages.
- 3.3.2 Section 2 Statement of Qualifications

- 332.1 Company Qualifications and Experience: The Proposer shall demonstrate successful past performance through submission of documentation of relevant qualifications and experience. Proposer shall describe its qualifications, as well as the qualifications of Proposer's major subcontractors, referencing specific similar projects that have been deployed by the Proposer. This section shall be limited to five (5) pages, not including project resumes, and shall include:
- Name, address, phone number, and email address of the person that the Village should contact with any questions regarding the response submission.
- 33.2.3 A description of related or similar services performed for three (3) years within the last seven (7) years. Specify the Proposer's particular tasks performed and role, whether as a subcontractor or prime contractor; whether as the project implementer or project manager overseeing implementation by another Proposer. Each project identified by the Proposer shall identify the Proposer's Project Manager and contact information, a brief description including scope, system functionality, and project dates. Provide information related to the number of personnel dedicated to the reference project.
- 332.4 If the Proposer's Statement of Qualifications demonstrates three (3) years of similar services performed within the last seven (7) years, their response will be further evaluated. Proposers that do not demonstrate that they meet the qualification criteria shall provide justification as to why their proposal should receive further consideration.
- 3325 A summary of experience managing related or similar services of comparable size and scope to the services within the solicitation.
- 3.3.2.6 References: The Proposer shall submit a minimum of three (3) references to substantiate the qualifications and experience requirements for services with successful completion within the timeframe requested. References shall attest to the Proposer's ability to provide the services outlined in the specification. References shall include name, point of contact, telephone number, and dates services were performed.
- 3.3.3 Section 3 Technical Proposal
- 3.3.3.1 Operations Plan. The Proposer shall provide a detailed description of the service delivery proposal for satisfying the scope of work outlined in Section 2.2, describing how each of the requirements of the Scope will be accomplished and by whom.

The Proposer shall describe its approach and ability to meet all of the operations and maintenance requirements, including a description of its resources and plans for routine maintenance and record keeping to prevent malfunctions and to maintain manufacturers' warranties.

Based on its experience and expertise, the Proposer may include other elements of operation and maintenance not expressly described in this RFQ, with a statement of why it believes that such elements are necessary or advisable to achieve the required proper operation and maintenance of the System.

3.3.3.2 Staffing Plan. The Proposer shall include a staffing plan demonstrating staff qualifications and experience, including subcontractors.

This plan should describe the number of staff proposed, the functions they will perform, and the percentage of time they will be assigned to this project during the contract term.

The plan should include the total number of hours, by day and by week, that the contractor

will provide personnel onsite to routinely operate and maintain the System, and what backup personnel will be available in case of emergency.

The Proposer shall not prohibit the employees assigned to this project from becoming Village employees at any time.

- 3.3.3.3 Key Personnel. The Proposer shall identify key personnel along with their qualifications and references with a maximum of one (1) page per person. References shall substantiate the number of years of required experience of the individuals, including any proposed subcontractors who will be part of the Proposer's personnel providing the service. Each personnel profile shall include:
  - Individual's name, title and contact information
  - Education
  - Description of qualifications and experience for the last five (5) years

The Proposer shall provide personnel profiles for each of the following key personnel positions:

- Chief Executive Officer or owner of the proposing company.
- Program or Project Manager who shall have a minimum of five (5) years of experience within the last eight (8) years in program management for similar services. Required Certifications shall be identified if responsible for day-to-day operations.
- Superintendent, who will be responsible for on-site daily operations.
- All others who will be on-site and performing services, including their names, experience, certifications, and qualifications.
- Quality Assurance Manager. Provide name, qualifications, and personal experience, of the person who shall have daily responsibility for quality assurance.
- 3.3.3.4 Quality Assurance Plan. The Proposer shall describe their methods and processes used to ensure quality deliverables in no more than two (2) pages. The Proposer shall provide a comprehensive, continuous, and measurable quality assurance program.
  - In addition, the Proposer shall describe the policies and procedures to periodically measure and report quality performance to the Village throughout the term of the contract.
- 3.3.3.5 Continuity and System Disaster Preparedness Plan. The Proposer shall submit a business continuity and system disaster preparedness plan describing how they propose to meet the specifications in the event emergency conditions interrupt, or threaten to interrupt service delivery. The plan shall detail the Proposer's emergency operations, and the back-up and recovery process to cover natural or other conditions that may impede normal operations.
- 3.3.3.6 Price Proposal

The Proposal shall include the following components:

- 3.3.3.7 Base Services. The monthly cost to perform the Base Services shall be presented. Include any assumptions that are materially different than the services presented in this RFQ.
- 3.3.3.8 Rate Schedules. Provide rate schedules for repairs and any potential Additional Services that are anticipated.
- 3.3.9 Subcontractor Markups. Provide an explanation of the markup that will be placed on any subcontractors that are utilized, as well as any materials that are purchased.

### 3.3.4 Appendices

The Proposal, as outlined above, will be supplemented by a number of documents and materials to be included in the appendices. The required appendices are shown below:

Appendix A: Two (2) page resumes for any proposed key management or supervisory personnel.

Appendix B: Proposer's registration with TCEQ to perform wastewater operations services.

Appendix C: The Proposer shall submit the most recent audited financial statements. If audited financial statements are unavailable, unaudited financial statements shall be submitted and certified as true, correct, and accurate by the chief financial officer or treasurer of the Proposer's company. Additional information demonstrating financial stability and ability to meet the financial responsibilities for the requirement to perform this service must be included.

### 4. SELECTION PROCESS AND SCHEDULE

### 4.1 Schedule

1.	Issue RFQ	December 4, 2018
2.	Pre-Proposal conference and facility tour	December 18, 2018
3.	Deadline for submittal of questions	December 20, 2018
4.	Responses to questions	December 27, 2018
5.	Proposal Due Date	January 7, 2019
6.	Complete Review of Proposals	January 11, 2019
7.	Village Board approves selection	January 17, 2019
8.	Negotiate and execute contract	January 24, 2019
9.	Begin contract operations	March 1, 2019

The Village reserves the right to alter this schedule as needed.

### 4.1.1 Pre-Proposal Conference

A MANDATORY pre-proposal conference and facility tour will be held on December 18, 2018, at 10 a.m. at the Village Municipal Building at 301 N. Stagecoach Road, Salado, Texas 76571 starting at 10 a.m. The purpose of the conference is to answer questions regarding the System, as well as the RFQ. All companies interested in submitting a response should contact Village Administrator Don Ferguson at <a href="mailto:dferguson@saladotx.gov">dferguson@saladotx.gov</a> not later than December 17, 2018, to indicate their interest in attending the conference and how many people will be attending. A tour of the System will be offered as part of the Pre-Proposal Conference.

### 4.1.2 Questions

All questions related to this RFQ must be submitted via email to Village Administrator Don Ferguson at <u>dferguson@saladotx.gov</u> by 4 p.m., December 20, 2018. Questions will be compiled and responses will be issued to all potential proposers via email no later than December 27, 2018.

Contacting other members of Village staff or elected officials by telephone, text, email, social media, or in-person will result in disqualification of the proposer.

Questions and answers will be posted on the Village of Salado website at <a href="www.saladotx.gov">www.saladotx.gov</a>. The Village will not be bound by any oral statement or representation contrary to the written specifications of this RFQ.

Any revision, clarification, or interpretation pertaining to this RFQ will be in writing and issued by the Village as an Addendum. Any changes or interpretations not contained in an Addendum will not be binding on the Village.

### 4.2 Evaluation of Proposals

- 4.2.1 Each proposal will be evaluated based on best value to the Village and its rate payers.
- 4.2.2 Proposers shall not contact members of the evaluation team.
- 4.2.3 The Proposer's qualifications will initially be scored on a pass/fail basis. It is the Proposer's obligation to ensure referenced projects are relevant and the scope performed is clear to the evaluation team. If the Proposer's qualifications demonstrate the minimum qualifications, the response will be further evaluated and ranked. Proposers that do not demonstrate that they meet the qualification criteria may not receive further consideration, and their technical responses may not be evaluated.
- 4.2.4 Responses will be evaluated and ranked based on the following scale:

Qualifications and Experience:	30%
References:	10%
Financial Information:	5%
Technical Proposal:	20%
Operations Plan:	20%
Key Staff:	15%

4.2.5 The response may be disqualified if the Village is unable to verify qualification and experience requirements from the Proposer's references. The response may be disqualified if the Village receives negative responses. The Village will be the sole judge of references.

### 4.3 Award

The Village Administrator will submit a recommendation to the Village's Board of Aldermen regarding approval of the proposal determined to provide the apparent best value to the Village. The Board of Aldermen may approve or disapprove the recommendation, and if approved, will authorize the Village Administrator to negotiate an agreement with the apparent best value Proposer.

A negotiated contract will be subsequently submitted to the Board of Aldermen for ratification and award, and may be subject to the successful completion of negotiations or any other conditions identified in the RFQ or by the Board of Aldermen.

The Village will attempt to negotiate the Operating Agreement with the apparent best value Proposer. If an agreement satisfactory to the Village cannot be negotiated with that Proposer, or if in the course of negotiations, it appears that the proposal will not provide the Village with the overall best value, the Village will formally end negotiations with that Proposer and, in its sole discretion, either (1) reject all proposals, (2) modify the RFQ and begin again the solicitation, or (3) proceed to the next most highly ranked proposal and attempt to negotiate an agreement with that Proposer.

### 4.4 Type of Award

4.4.1 Single Award: One (1) agreement shall be awarded to a single Proposer, or joint venture.

4.4.2 Term of Agreement: The initial term shall be one (1) calendar year, beginning March 1, 2019, with the terms for extension and renewal to be included in the negotiation of the Operating Agreement. Any and all extensions may be as short as ninety (90) days and as long as one (1) year. The total maximum length of the original term and all extensions shall not exceed three (3) years. Each extension may include changes in scope and pricing, as agreed to by the Village and Contractor.

### 4.5 Pre-Award Meeting

The highest ranked proposer(s) shall be required to attend a pre-award meeting in Salado, Texas, with the Village staff within ten (10) calendar days after notification. The purpose of the meeting is to discuss the terms and conditions to be negotiated in the development of the Operating Agreement, and to provide additional information regarding the System, if necessary. Failure to attend this meeting shall be adequate for the Village to dismiss the highest ranked proposer, and begin negotiations with the next highest ranked proposer. Time is of the essence of this solicitation, and an operator must be contracted and available to assume operations no later than March 1, 2019.

### 4.6 Operating Agreement

- 4.6.1 The Village will attempt to negotiate an Operating Agreement with the most highly qualified proposer that sets forth the duties and responsibilities of the parties, with respect to the operation and maintenance of the System including: the tasks described in this RFQ; the term and termination of the Operating Agreement; Force Majeure, the operator's indemnification and insurance requirements, and the operator's performance bond. If negotiations are successful, execution of the final Operating Agreement is contingent upon and subject to approval by the Board of Aldermen of the Village of Salado. Furthermore, the statements in this RFQ neither dictate the contract terms nor bind the Village, its attorneys or its staff, in its negotiation, drafting or final approval of the Operating Agreement.
- 4.6.2 Termination for Convenience: A termination for convenience clause shall be included in the Operating Agreement. Except as otherwise provided in the final Operating Agreement, the Village, by written notice to the Contractor, may terminate the Contract, in whole or in part, when the Village determines, in its sole discretion that it is in the Village's interest to do so. The Contractor shall not furnish any product or services after the termination date stated within the notice of termination, except as necessary to complete the continued portion of the Contract, if any. The termination notice shall state: 1) termination date; and 2) continued portion of the Contract to be completed, if any. The Contractor shall not be entitled to recover any cancellation charges or lost profits.
- 4.6.3 Rights After Termination: Except as specifically provided for in the Operating Agreement, all rights and obligations of the parties to one another that have not accrued before termination shall terminate with the Operating Agreement.
- 4.6.4 Performance Bond: The Operating Agreement shall include provisions requiring the Contractor to provide a performance bond.
- 4.6.5 Insurance: The Operating Agreement shall include provisions requiring the operator to maintain Worker's Compensation, Employer's Liability, Occupational Disease, Commercial General Liability, Business Automobile, Pollution, Professional Liability, Commercial Crime and Umbrella Excess Liability insurance coverages at specified limits during the term of the Operating Agreement.

### **APPENDICES**

- A. TPDES Permit
- B. Wastewater System Map

## **Appendix A - TPDES Permit**



TPDES PERMIT NO. WQ0014898001 [For TCEQ office use only - EPA I.D. No. TX0125610]

## TEXAS COMMISSION ON ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY P.O. Box 13087 Austin, Texas 78711-3087

This major amendment supersedes and replaces TPDES Permit No. WQ0014898001 issued on May 22, 2013.

PERMIT TO DISCHARGE WASTES

under provisions of Section 402 of the Clean Water Act and Chapter 26 of the Texas Water Code

Village of Salado

whose mailing address is

P.O. Box 219 Salado, Texas 76571

is authorized to treat and discharge wastes from the Highlands of Salado Wastewater Treatment Facility, SIC Code 4952

located north of the intersection of Shepherd Drive and Farm-to-Market Road 2268, approximately 2,000 feet north from the end of Shepherd Drive, in Bell County, Texas 76571

to Smith Branch; thence to Salado Creek in Segment No. 1243 of the Brazos River Basin

only according to effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth in this permit, as well as the rules of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), the laws of the State of Texas, and other orders of the TCEQ. The issuance of this permit does not grant to the permittee the right to use private or public property for conveyance of wastewater along the discharge route described in this permit. This includes, but is not limited to, property belonging to any individual, partnership, corporation, or other entity. Neither does this permit authorize any invasion of personal rights nor any violation of federal, state, or local laws or regulations. It is the responsibility of the permittee to acquire property rights as may be necessary to use the discharge route.

This permit shall expire at midnight, December 1, 2020.

ISSUED DATE: August 4, 2017

For the Commission

# INTERIM EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

Outfall Number 001

During the period beginning upon the date of issuance and lasting through the completion of expansion to the o.30 million gallons per day (MGD) facility, the permittee is authorized to discharge subject to the following effluent limitations: H

The daily average flow of effluent shall not exceed 0.20 MGD, nor shall the average discharge during any two-hour period (2-hour peak) exceed 417 gallons per minute (gpm).

Effluent Characteristic	t	Discharge Limitations	imitations		Min. Self-Moni	Min. Self-Monitoring Requirements
	Daily Avg mg/l (lbs/day)	7-day Avg mg/l	Daily Max mg/l	Single Grab mg/l	Report Daily Avy Measurement Frequency	Report Daily Avg. & Max. Single Grab Measurement Sample Type Frequency
Flow, MGD	Report	N/A	Report	N/A	Continuous	Totalizing Meter
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	5 (8.3)	10	20	30	One/week	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	5 (8.3)	10	20	30	One/week	Grab
Ammonia Nitrogen	2 (3.3)	2	10	15	One/week	Grab
E. coli, colony-forming units or most probable number per 100 ml	126	N/A	N/A	399	One/month	Grab

- time of at least 20 minutes (based on peak flow), and shall be monitored five times per week by grab sample. An equivalent method of The effluent shall contain a chlorine residual of at least 1.0 mg/l and shall not exceed a chlorine residual of 4.0 mg/l after a detention disinfection may be substituted only with prior approval of the Executive Director. લં
- The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored once per month by grab sample. က်
- There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts and no discharge of visible oil. 4
- Effluent monitoring samples shall be taken at the following location(s): Following the final treatment unit. က်
- The effluent shall contain a minimum dissolved oxygen of 4.0 mg/l and shall be monitored once per week by grab sample. 6

# FINAL EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REOUIREMENTS

Outfall Number 001

During the period beginning upon the completion of expansion to the 0.30 million gallons per day (MGD) facility and lasting through the date of expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge subject to the following effluent limitations: The daily average flow of effluent shall not exceed 0.30 MGD, nor shall the average discharge during any two-hour period (2-hour peak) exceed 625 gallons per minute (gpm).

Effluent Characteristic		Discharge Limitations	imitations		Min. Self-Mon	Min. Self-Monitoring Requirements
	Daily Avg	7-day Avg	Daily Max	Single Grab	Report Daily A	Report Daily Avg. & Max. Single Grab
	mg/l (lbs/day)	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Flow, MGD	Report	N/A	Report	N/A	Continuous	Totalizing Meter
Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxygen Demand (5-day)	5 (13)	10	20	30	One/week	Grab
Total Suspended Solids	5 (13)	10	20	30	One/week	Grab
Ammonia Nitrogen	2 (5)	22	10	15	One/week	Grab
E. coli, colony-forming units or most probable number	126	N/A	N/A	399	One/month	Grab
per 100 ml			19			

- The effluent shall contain a chlorine residual of at least 1.0 mg/l and shall not exceed a chlorine residual of 4.0 mg/l after a detention time of at least 20 minutes (based on peak flow), and shall be monitored five times per week by grab sample. An equivalent method of disinfection may be substituted only with prior approval of the Executive Director. લં
- The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored once per month by grab sample. က်
- There shall be no discharge of floating solids or visible foam in other than trace amounts and no discharge of visible oil. 4
- Effluent monitoring samples shall be taken at the following location(s): Following the final treatment unit. ம்
- The effluent shall contain a minimum dissolved oxygen of 4.0 mg/l and shall be monitored once per week by grab sample. 6

### **DEFINITIONS AND STANDARD PERMIT CONDITIONS**

As required by Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 305, certain regulations appear as standard conditions in waste discharge permits. 30 TAC § 305.121 - 305.129 (relating to Permit Characteristics and Conditions) as promulgated under the Texas Water Code (TWC) §§ 5.103 and 5.105, and the Texas Health and Safety Code (THSC) §§ 361.017 and 361.024(a), establish the characteristics and standards for waste discharge permits, including sewage sludge, and those sections of 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 122 adopted by reference by the Commission. The following text includes these conditions and incorporates them into this permit. All definitions in TWC § 26.001 and 30 TAC Chapter 305 shall apply to this permit and are incorporated by reference. Some specific definitions of words or phrases used in this permit are as follows:

### 1. Flow Measurements

- a. Annual average flow the arithmetic average of all daily flow determinations taken within the preceding 12 consecutive calendar months. The annual average flow determination shall consist of daily flow volume determinations made by a totalizing meter, charted on a chart recorder and limited to major domestic wastewater discharge facilities with one million gallons per day or greater permitted flow.
- b. Daily average flow the arithmetic average of all determinations of the daily flow within a period of one calendar month. The daily average flow determination shall consist of determinations made on at least four separate days. If instantaneous measurements are used to determine the daily flow, the determination shall be the arithmetic average of all instantaneous measurements taken during that month. Daily average flow determination for intermittent discharges shall consist of a minimum of three flow determinations on days of discharge.
- c. Daily maximum flow the highest total flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.
- d. Instantaneous flow the measured flow during the minimum time required to interpret the flow measuring device.
- e. 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) the maximum flow sustained for a two-hour period during the period of daily discharge. The average of multiple measurements of instantaneous maximum flow within a two-hour period may be used to calculate the 2-hour peak flow.
- f. Maximum 2-hour peak flow (domestic wastewater treatment plants) the highest 2-hour peak flow for any 24-hour period in a calendar month.

### 2. Concentration Measurements

- a. Daily average concentration the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar month, consisting of at least four separate representative measurements.
  - i. For domestic wastewater treatment plants When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values in the previous four consecutive month period consisting of at least four measurements shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.

- ii. For all other wastewater treatment plants When four samples are not available in a calendar month, the arithmetic average (weighted by flow) of all values taken during the month shall be utilized as the daily average concentration.
- b. 7-day average concentration the arithmetic average of all effluent samples, composite or grab as required by this permit, within a period of one calendar week, Sunday through Saturday.
- c. Daily maximum concentration the maximum concentration measured on a single day, by the sample type specified in the permit, within a period of one calendar month.
- d. Daily discharge the discharge of a pollutant measured during a calendar day or any 24-hour period that reasonably represents the calendar day for purposes of sampling. For pollutants with limitations expressed in terms of mass, the daily discharge is calculated as the total mass of the pollutant discharged over the sampling day. For pollutants with limitations expressed in other units of measurement, the daily discharge is calculated as the average measurement of the pollutant over the sampling day.

The daily discharge determination of concentration made using a composite sample shall be the concentration of the composite sample. When grab samples are used, the daily discharge determination of concentration shall be the arithmetic average (weighted by flow value) of all samples collected during that day.

- e. Bacteria concentration (E. coli or Enterococci) Colony Forming Units (CFU) or Most Probable Number (MPN) of bacteria per 100 milliliters effluent. The daily average bacteria concentration is a geometric mean of the values for the effluent samples collected in a calendar month. The geometric mean shall be determined by calculating the nth root of the product of all measurements made in a calendar month, where n equals the number of measurements made; or, computed as the antilogarithm of the arithmetic mean of the logarithms of all measurements made in a calendar month. For any measurement of bacteria equaling zero, a substituted value of one shall be made for input into either computation method. If specified, the 7-day average for bacteria is the geometric mean of the values for all effluent samples collected during a calendar week.
- f. Daily average loading (lbs/day) the arithmetic average of all daily discharge loading calculations during a period of one calendar month. These calculations must be made for each day of the month that a parameter is analyzed. The daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), is calculated as (Flow, MGD x Concentration, mg/l x 8.34).
- g. Daily maximum loading (lbs/day) the highest daily discharge, in terms of mass (lbs/day), within a period of one calendar month.

### 3. Sample Type

a. Composite sample - For domestic wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (a). For industrial wastewater, a composite sample is a sample made up of a minimum of three effluent portions collected in a continuous 24-hour period or during the period of daily discharge if less than 24 hours, and combined in volumes proportional to flow, and collected at the intervals required by 30 TAC § 319.9 (b).

- b. Grab sample an individual sample collected in less than 15 minutes.
- 4. Treatment Facility (facility) wastewater facilities used in the conveyance, storage, treatment, recycling, reclamation and/or disposal of domestic sewage, industrial wastes, agricultural wastes, recreational wastes, or other wastes including sludge handling or disposal facilities under the jurisdiction of the Commission.
- 5. The term "sewage sludge" is defined as solid, semi-solid, or liquid residue generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in 30 TAC Chapter 312. This includes the solids that have not been classified as hazardous waste separated from wastewater by unit processes.
- 6. Bypass the intentional diversion of a waste stream from any portion of a treatment facility.

### MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

### 1. Self-Reporting

Monitoring results shall be provided at the intervals specified in the permit. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall conduct effluent sampling and reporting in accordance with 30 TAC §§ 319.4 - 319.12. Unless otherwise specified, a monthly effluent report shall be submitted each month, to the Enforcement Division (MC 224), by the 20th day of the following month for each discharge which is described by this permit whether or not a discharge is made for that month. Effective December 21, 2016, monitoring results must be submitted online using the NetDMR reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. Monitoring results must be signed and certified as required by Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 10.

As provided by state law, the permittee is subject to administrative, civil and criminal penalties, as applicable, for negligently or knowingly violating the Clean Water Act (CWA); TWC §§ 26, 27, and 28; and THSC § 361, including but not limited to knowingly making any false statement, representation, or certification on any report, record, or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance, or falsifying, tampering with or knowingly rendering inaccurate any monitoring device or method required by this permit or violating any other requirement imposed by state or federal regulations.

### 2. Test Procedures

- a. Unless otherwise specified in this permit, test procedures for the analysis of pollutants shall comply with procedures specified in 30 TAC §§ 319.11 319.12. Measurements, tests, and calculations shall be accurately accomplished in a representative manner.
- b. All laboratory tests submitted to demonstrate compliance with this permit must meet the requirements of 30 TAC § 25, Environmental Testing Laboratory Accreditation and Certification.

### Records of Results

a. Monitoring samples and measurements shall be taken at times and in a manner so as to be representative of the monitored activity.

- b. Except for records of monitoring information required by this permit related to the permittee's sewage sludge use and disposal activities, which shall be retained for a period of at least five years (or longer as required by 40 CFR Part 503), monitoring and reporting records, including strip charts and records of calibration and maintenance, copies of all records required by this permit, records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, and the certification required by 40 CFR § 264.73(b)(9) shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years from the date of the record or sample, measurement, report, application or certification. This period shall be extended at the request of the Executive Director.
- c. Records of monitoring activities shall include the following:
  - i. date, time and place of sample or measurement;
  - ii. identity of individual who collected the sample or made the measurement.
  - iii. date and time of analysis;
  - iv. identity of the individual and laboratory who performed the analysis;
  - v. the technique or method of analysis; and
  - vi. the results of the analysis or measurement and quality assurance/quality control records.

The period during which records are required to be kept shall be automatically extended to the date of the final disposition of any administrative or judicial enforcement action that may be instituted against the permittee.

### 4. Additional Monitoring by Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit using approved analytical methods as specified above, all results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values submitted on the approved self-report form. Increased frequency of sampling shall be indicated on the self-report form.

### 5. Calibration of Instruments

All automatic flow measuring or recording devices and all totalizing meters for measuring flows shall be accurately calibrated by a trained person at plant start-up and as often thereafter as necessary to ensure accuracy, but not less often than annually unless authorized by the Executive Director for a longer period. Such person shall verify in writing that the device is operating properly and giving accurate results. Copies of the verification shall be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of three years.

### 6. Compliance Schedule Reports

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with, or any progress reports on, interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of the permit shall be submitted no later

than 14 days following each schedule date to the Regional Office and the Enforcement Division (MC 224).

### 7. Noncompliance Notification

- a. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.125(9) any noncompliance which may endanger human health or safety, or the environment shall be reported by the permittee to the TCEQ. Except as allowed by 30 TAC § 305.132, report of such information shall be provided orally or by facsimile transmission (FAX) to the Regional Office within 24 hours of becoming aware of the noncompliance. A written submission of such information shall also be provided by the permittee to the Regional Office and the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within five working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), effective September 1, 2020, the permittee must submit the written report for unauthorized discharges and unanticipated bypasses that exceed any effluent limit in the permit using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the potential danger to human health or safety, or the environment; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; if the noncompliance has not been corrected, the time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance, and to mitigate its adverse effects.
- b. The following violations shall be reported under Monitoring and Reporting Requirement 7.a.:
  - i. Unauthorized discharges as defined in Permit Condition 2(g).
  - ii. Any unanticipated bypass that exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit.
  - iii. Violation of a permitted maximum daily discharge limitation for pollutants listed specifically in the Other Requirements section of an Industrial TPDES permit.
- c. In addition to the above, any effluent violation which deviates from the permitted effluent limitation by more than 40% shall be reported by the permittee in writing to the Regional Office and the Enforcement Division (MC 224) within 5 working days of becoming aware of the noncompliance.
- d. Any noncompliance other than that specified in this section, or any required information not submitted or submitted incorrectly, shall be reported to the Enforcement Division (MC 224) as promptly as possible. For effluent limitation violations, noncompliances shall be reported on the approved self-report form.
- 8. In accordance with the procedures described in 30 TAC §§ 35.301 35.303 (relating to Water Quality Emergency and Temporary Orders) if the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice by applying for such authorization.
- 9. Changes in Discharges of Toxic Substances
  - All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural permittees shall notify the Regional Office, orally or by facsimile transmission within 24 hours, and both the Regional Office and the Enforcement Division (MC 224) in writing within five (5) working days, after

becoming aware of or having reason to believe:

- a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant listed at 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D, Tables II and III (excluding Total Phenols) which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - i. One hundred micrograms per liter (100 μg/L);
  - ii. Two hundred micrograms per liter (200  $\mu$ g/L) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500  $\mu$ g/L) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
  - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.
- b. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge, on a nonroutine or infrequent basis, of a toxic pollutant which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels":
  - i. Five hundred micrograms per liter (500  $\mu$ g/L);
  - ii. One milligram per liter (1 mg/L) for antimony;
  - Ten (10) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
  - iv. The level established by the TCEQ.

### 10. Signatories to Reports

All reports and other information requested by the Executive Director shall be signed by the person and in the manner required by 30 TAC § 305.128 (relating to Signatories to Reports).

- 11. All POTWs must provide adequate notice to the Executive Director of the following:
  - a. Any new introduction of pollutants into the POTW from an indirect discharger which would be subject to CWA § 301 or § 306 if it were directly discharging those pollutants;
  - Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into that POTW by a source introducing pollutants into the POTW at the time of issuance of the permit; and
  - c. For the purpose of this paragraph, adequate notice shall include information on:
    - i. The quality and quantity of effluent introduced into the POTW; and
    - Any anticipated impact of the change on the quantity or quality of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

### PERMIT CONDITIONS

### 1. General

- a. When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application, or submitted incorrect information in an application or in any report to the Executive Director, it shall promptly submit such facts or information.
- b. This permit is granted on the basis of the information supplied and representations made by the permittee during action on an application, and relying upon the accuracy and completeness of that information and those representations. After notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part, in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 305, Subchapter D, during its term for good cause including, but not limited to, the following:
  - i. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
  - Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or
  - iii. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge.
- c. The permittee shall furnish to the Executive Director, upon request and within a reasonable time, any information to determine whether cause exists for amending, revoking, suspending or terminating the permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Executive Director, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by the permit.

### 2. Compliance

- a. Acceptance of the permit by the person to whom it is issued constitutes acknowledgment and agreement that such person will comply with all the terms and conditions embodied in the permit, and the rules and other orders of the Commission.
- b. The permittee has a duty to comply with all conditions of the permit. Failure to comply with any permit condition constitutes a violation of the permit and the Texas Water Code or the Texas Health and Safety Code, and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit amendment, revocation, or suspension, or for denial of a permit renewal application or an application for a permit for another facility.
- c. It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the permit.
- d. The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge or sludge use or disposal or other permit violation that has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment.
- e. Authorization from the Commission is required before beginning any change in the permitted facility or activity that may result in noncompliance with any permit requirements.

- f. A permit may be amended, suspended and reissued, or revoked for cause in accordance with 30 TAC §§ 305.62 and 305.66 and TWC§ 7.302. The filing of a request by the permittee for a permit amendment, suspension and reissuance, or termination, or a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any permit condition.
- g. There shall be no unauthorized discharge of wastewater or any other waste. For the purpose of this permit, an unauthorized discharge is considered to be any discharge of wastewater into or adjacent to water in the state at any location not permitted as an outfall or otherwise defined in the Other Requirements section of this permit.
- h. In accordance with 30 TAC § 305.535(a), the permittee may allow any bypass to occur from a TPDES permitted facility which does not cause permitted effluent limitations to be exceeded or an unauthorized discharge to occur, but only if the bypass is also for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation.
- i. The permittee is subject to administrative, civil, and criminal penalties, as applicable, under TWC §§ 7.051 7.075 (relating to Administrative Penalties), 7.101 7.111 (relating to Civil Penalties), and 7.141 7.202 (relating to Criminal Offenses and Penalties) for violations including, but not limited to, negligently or knowingly violating the federal CWA §§ 301, 302, 306, 307, 308, 318, or 405, or any condition or limitation implementing any sections in a permit issued under the CWA § 402, or any requirement imposed in a pretreatment program approved under the CWA §§ 402 (a)(3) or 402 (b)(8).

### 3. Inspections and Entry

- a. Inspection and entry shall be allowed as prescribed in the TWC Chapters 26, 27, and 28, and THSC  $\S$  361.
- b. The members of the Commission and employees and agents of the Commission are entitled to enter any public or private property at any reasonable time for the purpose of inspecting and investigating conditions relating to the quality of water in the state or the compliance with any rule, regulation, permit or other order of the Commission. Members, employees, or agents of the Commission and Commission contractors are entitled to enter public or private property at any reasonable time to investigate or monitor or, if the responsible party is not responsive or there is an immediate danger to public health or the environment, to remove or remediate a condition related to the quality of water in the state. Members, employees, Commission contractors, or agents acting under this authority who enter private property shall observe the establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, and if the property has management in residence, shall notify management or the person then in charge of his presence and shall exhibit proper credentials. If any member, employee, Commission contractor, or agent is refused the right to enter in or on public or private property under this authority, the Executive Director may invoke the remedies authorized in TWC § 7.002. The statement above, that Commission entry shall occur in accordance with an establishment's rules and regulations concerning safety, internal security, and fire protection, is not grounds for denial or restriction of entry to any part of the facility, but merely describes the Commission's duty to observe appropriate rules and regulations during an inspection.

### 4. Permit Amendment and/or Renewal

- a. The permittee shall give notice to the Executive Director as soon as possible of any planned physical alterations or additions to the permitted facility if such alterations or additions would require a permit amendment or result in a violation of permit requirements. Notice shall also be required under this paragraph when:
  - The alteration or addition to a permitted facility may meet one of the criteria for determining whether a facility is a new source in accordance with 30 TAC § 305.534 (relating to New Sources and New Dischargers); or
  - The alteration or addition could significantly change the nature or increase the quantity of pollutants discharged. This notification applies to pollutants that are subject neither to effluent limitations in the permit, nor to notification requirements in Monitoring and Reporting Requirements No. 9;
  - iii. The alteration or addition results in a significant change in the permittee's sludge use or disposal practices, and such alteration, addition, or change may justify the application of permit conditions that are different from or absent in the existing permit, including notification of additional use or disposal sites not reported during the permit application process or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.
- b. Prior to any facility modifications, additions, or expansions that will increase the plant capacity beyond the permitted flow, the permittee must apply for and obtain proper authorization from the Commission before commencing construction.
- c. The permittee must apply for an amendment or renewal at least 180 days prior to expiration of the existing permit in order to continue a permitted activity after the expiration date of the permit. If an application is submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the existing permit shall remain in effect until the application is approved, denied, or returned. If the application is returned or denied, authorization to continue such activity shall terminate upon the effective date of the action. If an application is not submitted prior to the expiration date of the permit, the permit shall expire and authorization to continue such activity shall terminate.
- d. Prior to accepting or generating wastes which are not described in the permit application or which would result in a significant change in the quantity or quality of the existing discharge, the permittee must report the proposed changes to the Commission. The permittee must apply for a permit amendment reflecting any necessary changes in permit conditions, including effluent limitations for pollutants not identified and limited by this permit.
- e. In accordance with the TWC § 26.029(b), after a public hearing, notice of which shall be given to the permittee, the Commission may require the permittee, from time to time, for good cause, in accordance with applicable laws, to conform to new or additional conditions.
- f. If any toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is promulgated under CWA § 307(a) for a toxic pollutant which is present in the discharge and that standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitation on the pollutant in this permit, this permit shall be

modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the toxic effluent standard or prohibition. The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under CWA § 307(a) for toxic pollutants within the time provided in the regulations that established those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

### 5. Permit Transfer

- a. Prior to any transfer of this permit, Commission approval must be obtained. The Commission shall be notified in writing of any change in control or ownership of facilities authorized by this permit. Such notification should be sent to the Applications Review and Processing Team (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division.
- b. A permit may be transferred only according to the provisions of 30 TAC § 305.64 (relating to Transfer of Permits) and 30 TAC § 50.133 (relating to Executive Director Action on Application or WQMP update).

### 6. Relationship to Hazardous Waste Activities

This permit does not authorize any activity of hazardous waste storage, processing, or disposal that requires a permit or other authorization pursuant to the Texas Health and Safety Code.

### 7. Relationship to Water Rights

Disposal of treated effluent by any means other than discharge directly to water in the state must be specifically authorized in this permit and may require a permit pursuant to TWC Chapter 11.

### 8. Property Rights

A permit does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege.

### Permit Enforceability

The conditions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstances, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

### 10. Relationship to Permit Application

The application pursuant to which the permit has been issued is incorporated herein; provided, however, that in the event of a conflict between the provisions of this permit and the application, the provisions of the permit shall control.

### 11. Notice of Bankruptcy

 Each permittee shall notify the Executive Director, in writing, immediately following the filing of a voluntary or involuntary petition for bankruptcy under any chapter of Title 11 Bankruptcy) of the United States Code (11 USC) by or against:

- i. the permittee;
- ii. an entity (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(14)) controlling the permittee or listing the permit or permittee as property of the estate; or
- iii. an affiliate (as that term is defined in 11 USC, § 101(2)) of the permittee.
- b. This notification must indicate:
  - i. the name of the permittee and the permit number(s);
  - ii. the bankruptcy court in which the petition for bankruptcy was filed; and
  - iii. the date of filing of the petition.

### **OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS**

- 1. The permittee shall at all times ensure that the facility and all of its systems of collection, treatment, and disposal are properly operated and maintained. This includes, but is not limited to, the regular, periodic examination of wastewater solids within the treatment plant by the operator in order to maintain an appropriate quantity and quality of solids inventory as described in the various operator training manuals and according to accepted industry standards for process control. Process control, maintenance, and operations records shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative, for a period of three years.
- 2. Upon request by the Executive Director, the permittee shall take appropriate samples and provide proper analysis in order to demonstrate compliance with Commission rules. Unless otherwise specified in this permit or otherwise ordered by the Commission, the permittee shall comply with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 312 concerning sewage sludge use and disposal and 30 TAC §§ 319.21 319.29 concerning the discharge of certain hazardous metals.
- 3. Domestic wastewater treatment facilities shall comply with the following provisions:
  - a. The permittee shall notify the Municipal Permits Team, Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, in writing, of any facility expansion at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity.
  - b. The permittee shall submit a closure plan for review and approval to the Municipal Permits Team, Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, for any closure activity at least 90 days prior to conducting such activity. Closure is the act of permanently taking a waste management unit or treatment facility out of service and includes the permanent removal from service of any pit, tank, pond, lagoon, surface impoundment and/or other treatment unit regulated by this permit.
- 4. The permittee is responsible for installing prior to plant start-up, and subsequently maintaining, adequate safeguards to prevent the discharge of untreated or inadequately treated wastes during electrical power failures by means of alternate power sources, standby generators, and/or retention of inadequately treated wastewater.

- 5. Unless otherwise specified, the permittee shall provide a readily accessible sampling point and, where applicable, an effluent flow measuring device or other acceptable means by which effluent flow may be determined.
- 6. The permittee shall remit an annual water quality fee to the Commission as required by 30 TAC Chapter 21. Failure to pay the fee may result in revocation of this permit under TWC § 7.302(b)(6).

### 7. Documentation

For all written notifications to the Commission required of the permittee by this permit, the permittee shall keep and make available a copy of each such notification under the same conditions as self-monitoring data are required to be kept and made available. Except for information required for TPDES permit applications, effluent data, including effluent data in permits, draft permits and permit applications, and other information specified as not confidential in 30 TAC §§ 1.5(d), any information submitted pursuant to this permit may be claimed as confidential by the submitter. Any such claim must be asserted in the manner prescribed in the application form or by stamping the words confidential business information on each page containing such information. If no claim is made at the time of submission, information may be made available to the public without further notice. If the Commission or Executive Director agrees with the designation of confidentiality, the TCEQ will not provide the information for public inspection unless required by the Texas Attorney General or a court pursuant to an open records request. If the Executive Director does not agree with the designation of confidentiality, the person submitting the information will be notified.

- Facilities that generate domestic wastewater shall comply with the following provisions; domestic wastewater treatment facilities at permitted industrial sites are excluded.
  - a. Whenever flow measurements for any domestic sewage treatment facility reach 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee must initiate engineering and financial planning for expansion and/or upgrading of the domestic wastewater treatment and/or collection facilities. Whenever the flow reaches 90% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, the permittee shall obtain necessary authorization from the Commission to commence construction of the necessary additional treatment and/or collection facilities. In the case of a domestic wastewater treatment facility which reaches 75% of the permitted daily average or annual average flow for three consecutive months, and the planned population to be served or the quantity of waste produced is not expected to exceed the design limitations of the treatment facility, the permittee shall submit an engineering report supporting this claim to the Executive Director of the Commission.

If in the judgment of the Executive Director the population to be served will not cause permit noncompliance, then the requirement of this section may be waived. To be effective, any waiver must be in writing and signed by the Director of the Enforcement Division (MC 169) of the Commission, and such waiver of these requirements will be reviewed upon expiration of the existing permit; however, any such waiver shall not be interpreted as condoning or excusing any violation of any permit parameter.

- b. The plans and specifications for domestic sewage collection and treatment works associated with any domestic permit must be approved by the Commission and failure to secure approval before commencing construction of such works or making a discharge is a violation of this permit and each day is an additional violation until approval has been secured.
- c. Permits for domestic wastewater treatment plants are granted subject to the policy of the Commission to encourage the development of area-wide waste collection, treatment, and disposal systems. The Commission reserves the right to amend any domestic wastewater permit in accordance with applicable procedural requirements to require the system covered by this permit to be integrated into an area-wide system, should such be developed; to require the delivery of the wastes authorized to be collected in, treated by or discharged from said system, to such area-wide system; or to amend this permit in any other particular to effectuate the Commission's policy. Such amendments may be made when the changes required are advisable for water quality control purposes and are feasible on the basis of waste treatment technology, engineering, financial, and related considerations existing at the time the changes are required, exclusive of the loss of investment in or revenues from any then existing or proposed waste collection, treatment or disposal system.
- Domestic wastewater treatment plants shall be operated and maintained by sewage plant
  operators holding a valid certificate of competency at the required level as defined in 30 TAC
  Chapter 30.
- 10. For Publicly Owned Treatment Works (POTWs), the 30-day average (or monthly average) percent removal for BOD and TSS shall not be less than 85%, unless otherwise authorized by this permit.
- 11. Facilities that generate industrial solid waste as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 shall comply with these provisions:
  - a. Any solid waste, as defined in 30 TAC § 335.1 (including but not limited to such wastes as garbage, refuse, sludge from a waste treatment, water supply treatment plant or air pollution control facility, discarded materials, discarded materials to be recycled, whether the waste is solid, liquid, or semisolid), generated by the permittee during the management and treatment of wastewater, must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335, relating to Industrial Solid Waste Management.
  - b. Industrial wastewater that is being collected, accumulated, stored, or processed before discharge through any final discharge outfall, specified by this permit, is considered to be industrial solid waste until the wastewater passes through the actual point source discharge and must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 30 TAC Chapter 335.
  - c. The permittee shall provide written notification, pursuant to the requirements of 30 TAC § 335.8(b)(1), to the Environmental Cleanup Section (MC 127) of the Remediation Division informing the Commission of any closure activity involving an Industrial Solid Waste Management Unit, at least 90 days prior to conducting such an activity.

- d. Construction of any industrial solid waste management unit requires the prior written notification of the proposed activity to the Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Registration, Review, and Reporting Division. No person shall dispose of industrial solid waste, including sludge or other solids from wastewater treatment processes, prior to fulfilling the deed recordation requirements of 30 TAC § 335.5.
- e. The term "industrial solid waste management unit" means a landfill, surface impoundment, waste-pile, industrial furnace, incinerator, cement kiln, injection well, container, drum, salt dome waste containment cavern, or any other structure vessel, appurtenance, or other improvement on land used to manage industrial solid waste.
- f. The permittee shall keep management records for all sludge (or other waste) removed from any wastewater treatment process. These records shall fulfill all applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 335 and must include the following, as it pertains to wastewater treatment and discharge:
  - i. Volume of waste and date(s) generated from treatment process;
  - ii. Volume of waste disposed of on-site or shipped off-site;
  - iii. Date(s) of disposal;
  - iv. Identity of hauler or transporter;
  - v. Location of disposal site; and
  - vi. Method of final disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis. The records shall be retained at the facility site, or shall be readily available for review by authorized representatives of the TCEQ for at least five years.

12. For industrial facilities to which the requirements of 30 TAC § 335 do not apply, sludge and solid wastes, including tank cleaning and contaminated solids for disposal, shall be disposed of in accordance with THSC § 361.

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#### **SLUDGE PROVISIONS**

The permittee is authorized to dispose of sludge only at a Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) authorized land application site or co-disposal landfill. The disposal of sludge by land application on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee is a violation of the permit unless the site is authorized with the TCEQ. This provision does not authorize Distribution and Marketing of Class A or Class AB Sewage Sludge. This provision does not authorize the permittee to land apply sludge on property owned, leased or under the direct control of the permittee.

# SECTION I. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE LAND APPLICATION

## A. General Requirements

- 1. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge in accordance with 30 TAC § 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge.
- 2. In all cases, if the person (permit holder) who prepares the sewage sludge supplies the sewage sludge to another person for land application use or to the owner or lease holder of the land, the permit holder shall provide necessary information to the parties who receive the sludge to assure compliance with these regulations.
- 3. The permittee shall give 180 days prior notice to the Executive Director in care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division of any change planned in the sewage sludge disposal practice.

#### **B.** Testing Requirements

1. Sewage sludge shall be tested once during the term of this permit in accordance with the method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I [Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP)] or other method that receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for the contaminants listed in 40 CFR Part 261.24, Table 1. Sewage sludge failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal. Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Remediation Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 9) within seven (7) days after failing the TCLP Test.

The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Registration, Review, and Reporting Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P.O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. This annual report shall be submitted to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 9) and the Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. Effective September 1, 2020, the permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

2. Sewage sludge shall not be applied to the land if the concentration of the pollutants exceeds the pollutant concentration criteria in Table 1. The frequency of testing for pollutants in Table 1 is found in Section I.C.

TABLE 1

<u>Pollutant</u>	Ceiling Concentration
Arsenic Cadmium Chromium Copper Lead Mercury Molybdenum Nickel PCBs Selenium Zinc	(Milligrams per kilogram)*  75 85 3000 4300 840 57 75 420 49 100 7500

<sup>\*</sup> Dry weight basis

### Pathogen Control

All sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site must be treated by one of the following methods to ensure that the sludge meets either the Class A, Class AB or Class B pathogen requirements.

a. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class A with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge be less than 1,000 most probable number (MPN) per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of Salmonella sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met.

Alternative 1 - The temperature of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be maintained at or above a specific value for a period of time. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(A) for specific information.

Alternative 5 (PFRP) – Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in one of the Processes to Further Reduce Pathogens (PFRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B. PFRP include composting, heat drying, heat treatment, and thermophilic aerobic digestion.

Alternative 6 (PFRP Equivalent) - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of must be treated in a process that has been approved by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency as being equivalent to those in Alternative 5.

b. For sewage sludge to be classified as Class AB with respect to pathogens, the density of fecal coliform in the sewage sludge be less than 1,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis), or the density of Salmonella sp. bacteria in the sewage sludge be less than three MPN per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. In addition, one of the alternatives listed below must be met.

Alternative 2 - The pH of the sewage sludge that is used or disposed shall be raised to above 12 std. units and shall remain above 12 std. units for 72 hours.

The temperature of the sewage sludge shall be above 52° Celsius for 12 hours or longer during the period that the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units.

At the end of the 72-hour period during which the pH of the sewage sludge is above 12 std. units, the sewage sludge shall be air dried to achieve a percent solids in the sewage sludge greater than 50%.

Alternative 3 - The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for enteric viruses prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for enteric viruses is less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(i-iii) for specific information. The sewage sludge shall be analyzed for viable helminth ova prior to pathogen treatment. The limit for viable helminth ova is less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) either before or following pathogen treatment. See 30 TAC § 312.82(a)(2)(C)(iv-vi) for specific information.

Alternative 4 - The density of enteric viruses in the sewage sludge shall be less than one Plaque-forming Unit per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed. The density of viable helminth ova in the sewage sludge shall be less than one per four grams of total solids (dry weight basis) at the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed.

- c. Sewage sludge that meets the requirements of Class AB sewage sludge may be classified a Class A sewage sludge if a variance request is submitted in writing that is supported by substantial documentation demonstrating equivalent methods for reducing odors and written approval is granted by the executive director. The executive director may deny the variance request or revoke that approved variance if it is determined that the variance may potentially endanger human health or the environment, or create nuisance odor conditions.
- d. Three alternatives are available to demonstrate compliance with Class B criteria for sewage sludge.

#### Alternative 1

- i. A minimum of seven random samples of the sewage sludge shall be collected within 48 hours of the time the sewage sludge is used or disposed of during each monitoring episode for the sewage sludge.
- ii. The geometric mean of the density of fecal coliform in the samples collected shall be less than either 2,000,000 MPN per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) or 2,000,000 Colony Forming Units per gram of total solids (dry weight basis).

Alternative 2 - Sewage sludge that is used or disposed of shall be treated in one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens (PSRP) described in 40 CFR Part 503, Appendix B, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

- i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;
- ii. An independent Texas Licensed Professional Engineer must make a certification to the generator of a sewage sludge that the wastewater treatment facility generating the sewage sludge is designed to achieve one of the PSRP at the permitted design loading of the facility. The certification need only be repeated if the design loading of the facility is increased. The certification shall include a statement indicating the design meets all the applicable standards specified in Appendix B of 40 CFR Part 503;
- iii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iv. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources, resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the PSRP, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

<u>Alternative 3</u> - Sewage sludge shall be treated in an equivalent process that has been approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, so long as all of the following requirements are met by the generator of the sewage sludge.

i. Prior to use or disposal, all the sewage sludge must have been generated from a single location, except as provided in paragraph v. below;

- ii. Prior to any off-site transportation or on-site use or disposal of any sewage sludge generated at a wastewater treatment facility, the chief certified operator of the wastewater treatment facility or other responsible official who manages the processes to significantly reduce pathogens at the wastewater treatment facility for the permittee, shall certify that the sewage sludge underwent at least the minimum operational requirements necessary in order to meet one of the PSRP. The acceptable processes and the minimum operational and record keeping requirements shall be in accordance with established U.S. Environmental Protection Agency final guidance;
- iii. All certification records and operational records describing how the requirements of this paragraph were met shall be kept by the generator for a minimum of three years and be available for inspection by commission staff for review;
- iv. The Executive Director will accept from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency a finding of equivalency to the defined PSRP; and
- v. If the sewage sludge is generated from a mixture of sources resulting from a person who prepares sewage sludge from more than one wastewater treatment facility, the resulting derived product shall meet one of the Processes to Significantly Reduce Pathogens, and shall meet the certification, operation, and record keeping requirements of this paragraph.

<u>In addition</u>, the following site restrictions must be met if Class B sludge is land applied:

- i. Food crops with harvested parts that touch the sewage sludge/soil mixture and are totally above the land surface shall not be harvested for 14 months after application of sewage sludge.
- ii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 20 months after application of sewage sludge when the sewage sludge remains on the land surface for 4 months or longer prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iii. Food crops with harvested parts below the surface of the land shall not be harvested for 38 months after application of sewage sludge when the sewage sludge remains on the land surface for less than 4 months prior to incorporation into the soil.
- iv. Food crops, feed crops, and fiber crops shall not be harvested for 30 days after application of sewage sludge.
- v. Animals shall not be allowed to graze on the land for 30 days after application of sewage sludge.
- vi. Turf grown on land where sewage sludge is applied shall not be harvested for 1 year after application of the sewage sludge when the harvested turf is placed on either land with a high potential for public exposure or a lawn.
- vii. Public access to land with a high potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 1 year after application of sewage sludge.

- viii. Public access to land with a low potential for public exposure shall be restricted for 30 days after application of sewage sludge.
- ix. Land application of sludge shall be in accordance with the buffer zone requirements found in 30 TAC § 312.44.
- 4. Vector Attraction Reduction Requirements

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site shall be treated by one of the following Alternatives 1 through 10 for vector attraction reduction.

- Alternative 1 The mass of volatile solids in the sewage sludge shall be reduced by a minimum of 38%.
- Alternative 2 If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an anaerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge anaerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 40 additional days at a temperature between 30° and 37° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 17% to demonstrate compliance.
- Alternative 3 If Alternative 1 cannot be met for an aerobically digested sludge, demonstration can be made by digesting a portion of the previously digested sludge with percent solids of two percent or less aerobically in the laboratory in a bench-scale unit for 30 additional days at 20° Celsius. Volatile solids must be reduced by less than 15% to demonstrate compliance.
- Alternative 4 The specific oxygen uptake rate (SOUR) for sewage sludge treated in an aerobic process shall be equal to or less than 1.5 milligrams of oxygen per hour per gram of total solids (dry weight basis) at a temperature of 20° Celsius.
- Alternative 5 Sewage sludge shall be treated in an aerobic process for 14 days or longer. During that time, the temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 40° Celsius and the average temperature of the sewage sludge shall be higher than 45° Celsius.
- Alternative 6 The pH of sewage sludge shall be raised to 12 or higher by alkali addition and, without the addition of more alkali shall remain at 12 or higher for two hours and then remain at a pH of 11.5 or higher for an additional 22 hours at the time the sewage sludge is prepared for sale or given away in a bag or other container.
- Alternative 7 The percent solids of sewage sludge that does not contain unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 75% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.

#### Alternative 8 -

The percent solids of sewage sludge that contains unstabilized solids generated in a primary wastewater treatment process shall be equal to or greater than 90% based on the moisture content and total solids prior to mixing with other materials at the time the sludge is used. Unstabilized solids are defined as organic materials in sewage sludge that have not been treated in either an aerobic or anaerobic treatment process.

#### Alternative 9 -

- i. Sewage sludge shall be injected below the surface of the land.
- ii. No significant amount of the sewage sludge shall be present on the land surface within one hour after the sewage sludge is injected.
- iii. When sewage sludge that is injected below the surface of the land is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the sewage sludge shall be injected below the land surface within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.

#### Alternative 10-

- Sewage sludge applied to the land surface or placed on a surface disposal site shall be incorporated into the soil within six hours after application to or placement on the land.
- ii. When sewage sludge that is incorporated into the soil is Class A or Class AB with respect to pathogens, the sewage sludge shall be applied to or placed on the land within eight hours after being discharged from the pathogen treatment process.

#### C. Monitoring Requirements

Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Test
PCBs

- once during the term of this permit

- once during the term of this permit

All metal constituents and fecal coliform or Salmonella sp. bacteria shall be monitored at the appropriate frequency shown below, pursuant to 30 TAC § 312.46(a)(1):

Amou metric	nt of sewage sludge (*) c tons per 365-day period	Monitoring Frequency		
0	to less than 290	Once/Year		
290	to less than 1,500	Once/Quarter		
1,500	to less than 15,000	Once/Two Months		
15,000	or greater	Once/Month		

<sup>(\*)</sup> The amount of bulk sewage sludge applied to the land (dry wt. basis).

Representative samples of sewage sludge shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with the methods referenced in 30 TAC § 312.7.

Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.

Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge treatment process or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge grinding and degritting), thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion, composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation, pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons), heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.

Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge for disposal at a monofill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.

#### SECTION II.

REQUIREMENTS SPECIFIC TO BULK SEWAGE SLUDGE FOR APPLICATION TO THE LAND MEETING CLASS A, CLASS AB or B PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE CUMULATIVE LOADING RATES IN TABLE 2, OR CLASS B PATHOGEN REDUCTION AND THE POLLUTANT CONCENTRATIONS IN TABLE 3

For those permittees meeting Class A, Class AB or B pathogen reduction requirements and that meet the cumulative loading rates in Table 2 below, or the Class B pathogen reduction requirements and contain concentrations of pollutants below listed in Table 3, the following conditions apply:

#### A. Pollutant Limits

#### Table 2

Pollutant Arsenic Cadmium Chromium Copper Lead Mercury Molybdenum Nickel Selenium	Cumulative Pollutant Loading Rate (pounds per acre)* 36 35 2677 1339 268 15 Report Only 375 89
Selenium Zinc	89 2500

#### Table 3

	Monthly Average
	Concentration
<u>Pollutant</u>	(milligrams per kilogram)
Arsenic	41
Cadmium	39
Chromium	1200
Copper	1500
Lead	300
Mercury	17
Molybdenum	Report Only
Nickel	420
Selenium	36
Zinc	2800
	*Dry weight basis

#### B. Pathogen Control

All bulk sewage sludge that is applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, a reclamation site, shall be treated by either Class A, Class AB or Class B pathogen reduction requirements as defined above in Section I.B.3.

#### C. Management Practices

- Bulk sewage sludge shall not be applied to agricultural land, forest, a public contact site, or a reclamation site that is flooded, frozen, or snow-covered so that the bulk sewage sludge enters a wetland or other waters in the State.
- 2. Bulk sewage sludge not meeting Class A requirements shall be land applied in a manner which complies with Applicability in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.41 and the Management Requirements in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.44.
- 3. Bulk sewage sludge shall be applied at or below the agronomic rate of the cover crop.
- 4. An information sheet shall be provided to the person who receives bulk sewage sludge sold or given away. The information sheet shall contain the following information:
  - a. The name and address of the person who prepared the sewage sludge that is sold or given away in a bag or other container for application to the land.
  - b. A statement that application of the sewage sludge to the land is prohibited except in accordance with the instruction on the label or information sheet.
  - c. The annual whole sludge application rate for the sewage sludge application rate for the sewage sludge that does not cause any of the cumulative pollutant loading rates in Table 2 above to be exceeded, unless the pollutant concentrations in Table 3 found in Section II above are met.

## D. Notification Requirements

- If bulk sewage sludge is applied to land in a State other than Texas, written notice shall be provided prior to the initial land application to the permitting authority for the State in which the bulk sewage sludge is proposed to be applied. The notice shall include:
  - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each land application site.
  - b. The approximate time period bulk sewage sludge will be applied to the site.
  - c. The name, address, telephone number, and National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System permit number (if appropriate) for the person who will apply the bulk sewage sludge.
- 2. The permittee shall give 180 days prior notice to the Executive Director in care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division of any change planned in the sewage sludge disposal practice.

# E. Record keeping Requirements

The sludge documents will be retained at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative. The person who prepares bulk sewage sludge or a sewage sludge material shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at

the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative for a period of <u>five years</u>. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply.

- 1. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 3 above and the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg), or the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate and the applicable cumulative pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/ac) listed in Table 2 above.
- 2. A description of how the pathogen reduction requirements are met (including site restrictions for Class AB and Class B sludge, if applicable).
- 3. A description of how the vector attraction reduction requirements are met.
- 4. A description of how the management practices listed above in Section II.C are being met.
- 5. The following certification statement:

"I certify, under penalty of law, that the applicable pathogen requirements in 30 TAC § 312.82(a) or (b) and the vector attraction reduction requirements in 30 TAC § 312.83(b) have been met for each site on which bulk sewage sludge is applied. This determination has been made under my direction and supervision in accordance with the system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information used to determine that the management practices have been met. I am aware that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment."

- 6. The recommended agronomic loading rate from the references listed in Section II.C.3. above, as well as the actual agronomic loading rate shall be retained. The person who applies bulk sewage sludge or a sewage sludge material shall develop the following information and shall retain the information at the facility site and/or shall be readily available for review by a TCEQ representative indefinitely. If the permittee supplies the sludge to another person who land applies the sludge, the permittee shall notify the land applier of the requirements for record keeping found in 30 TAC § 312.47 for persons who land apply:
  - a. A certification statement that all applicable requirements (specifically listed) have been met, and that the permittee understands that there are significant penalties for false certification including fine and imprisonment. See 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii), as applicable, and to the permittee's specific sludge treatment activities.
  - b. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude, of each site on which sludge is applied.
  - c. The number of acres in each site on which bulk sludge is applied.
  - d. The date and time sludge is applied to each site.

- e. The cumulative amount of each pollutant in pounds/acre listed in Table 2 applied to each site.
- f. The total amount of sludge applied to each site in dry tons.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

### F. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 9) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division, by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year the following information. Effective September 1, 2020, the permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

- Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge treatment process
  or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge grinding and degritting),
  thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion,
  composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation,
  pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons),
  heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
- 2. Identify the nature of material generated by the facility (such as a biosolid for beneficial use or land-farming, or sewage sludge for disposal at a monofill) and whether the material is ultimately conveyed off-site in bulk or in bags.
- 3. Results of tests performed for pollutants found in either Table 2 or 3 as appropriate for the permittee's land application practices.
- 4. The frequency of monitoring listed in Section I.C. that applies to the permittee.
- 5. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
- 6. PCB concentration in sludge in mg/kg.
- 7. Identity of hauler(s) and TCEQ transporter number.
- 8. Date(s) of transport.
- 9. Texas Commission on Environmental Quality registration number, if applicable.
- 10. Amount of sludge disposal dry weight (lbs/acre) at each disposal site.
- 11. The concentration (mg/kg) in the sludge of each pollutant listed in Table 1 (defined as a monthly average) as well as the applicable pollutant concentration criteria (mg/kg) listed in Table 3 above, or the applicable pollutant loading rate limit (lbs/acre) listed in Table 2 above if it exceeds 90% of the limit.
- 12. Level of pathogen reduction achieved (Class A. Class AB or Class B).
- 13. Alternative used as listed in Section I.B.3.(a. or b.). Alternatives describe how the pathogen reduction requirements are met. If Class B sludge, include information on how site restrictions were met.

- 14. Identify each of the analytic methods used by the facility to analyze enteric viruses, fecal coliforms, helminth ova, *Salmonella* sp., and other regulated parameters.
- 15. Vector attraction reduction alternative used as listed in Section I.B.4.
- 16. Amount of sludge transported in dry tons/year.
- 17. The certification statement listed in either 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(4)(A)(ii) or 30 TAC § 312.47(a)(5)(A)(ii) as applicable to the permittee's sludge treatment activities, shall be attached to the annual reporting form.
- 18. When the amount of any pollutant applied to the land exceeds 90% of the cumulative pollutant loading rate for that pollutant, as described in Table 2, the permittee shall report the following information as an attachment to the annual reporting form.
  - a. The location, by street address, and specific latitude and longitude.
  - b. The number of acres in each site on which bulk sewage sludge is applied.
  - c. The date and time bulk sewage sludge is applied to each site.
  - d. The cumulative amount of each pollutant (i.e., pounds/acre) listed in Table 2 in the bulk sewage sludge applied to each site.
  - e. The amount of sewage sludge (i.e., dry tons) applied to each site.

The above records shall be maintained on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

# SECTION III. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO ALL SEWAGE SLUDGE DISPOSED IN A MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL

- A. The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge in accordance with 30 TAC § 330 and all other applicable state and federal regulations to protect public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present. The permittee shall ensure that the sewage sludge meets the requirements in 30 TAC § 330 concerning the quality of the sludge disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
- B. If the permittee generates sewage sludge and supplies that sewage sludge to the owner or operator of a municipal solid waste landfill (MSWLF) for disposal, the permittee shall provide to the owner or operator of the MSWLF appropriate information needed to be in compliance with the provisions of this permit.
- C. The permittee shall give 180 days prior notice to the Executive Director in care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division of any change planned in the sewage sludge disposal practice.
- D. Sewage sludge shall be tested once during the term of this permit in accordance with the method specified in both 40 CFR Part 261, Appendix II and 40 CFR Part 268, Appendix I (Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure) or other method, which receives the prior approval of the TCEQ for contaminants listed in Table 1 of 40 CFR § 261.24. Sewage sludge failing this test shall be managed according to RCRA standards for generators of hazardous waste, and the waste's disposition must be in accordance with all applicable requirements for hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal.

Following failure of any TCLP test, the management or disposal of sewage sludge at a facility other than an authorized hazardous waste processing, storage, or disposal facility shall be prohibited until such time as the permittee can demonstrate the sewage sludge no longer exhibits the hazardous waste toxicity characteristics (as demonstrated by the results of the TCLP tests). A written report shall be provided to both the TCEQ Registration and Reporting Section (MC 129) of the Permitting and Remediation Support Division and the Regional Director (MC Region 9) of the appropriate TCEQ field office within 7 days after failing the TCLP Test.

The report shall contain test results, certification that unauthorized waste management has stopped and a summary of alternative disposal plans that comply with RCRA standards for the management of hazardous waste. The report shall be addressed to: Director, Registration, Review, and Reporting Division (MC 129), Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, P. O. Box 13087, Austin, Texas 78711-3087. In addition, the permittee shall prepare an annual report on the results of all sludge toxicity testing. This annual report shall be submitted to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 9) and the Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30 of each year.

- E. Sewage sludge shall be tested as needed, in accordance with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 330.
- F. Record keeping Requirements

The permittee shall develop the following information and shall retain the information for five years.

- The description (including procedures followed and the results) of all liquid Paint Filter Tests performed.
- 2. The description (including procedures followed and results) of all TCLP tests performed.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

### G. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 9) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division by September 30th of each year the following information. Effective September 1, 2020, the permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

- Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge treatment process
  or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge grinding and degritting),
  thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion,
  composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation,
  pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons),
  heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
- 2. Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) results.
- 3. Annual sludge production in dry tons/year.
- 4. Amount of sludge disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill in dry tons/year.
- 5. Amount of sludge transported interstate in dry tons/year.
- A certification that the sewage sludge meets the requirements of 30 TAC § 330
  concerning the quality of the sludge disposed in a municipal solid waste landfill.
- 7. Identity of hauler(s) and transporter registration number.
- 8. Owner of disposal site(s).
- 9. Location of disposal site(s).
- Date(s) of disposal.

The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality upon request.

# SECTION IV. REQUIREMENTS APPLYING TO SLUDGE TRANSPORTED TO ANOTHER FACILITY FOR FURTHER PROCESSING

These provisions apply to sludge that is transported to another wastewater treatment facility or facility that further processes sludge. These provisions are intended to allow transport of sludge to facilities that have been authorized to accept sludge. These provisions do not limit the ability of the receiving facility to determine whether to accept the sludge, nor do they limit the ability of the receiving facility to request additional testing or documentation.

#### A. General Requirements

- The permittee shall handle and dispose of sewage sludge in accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 312 and all other applicable state and federal regulations in a manner that protects public health and the environment from any reasonably anticipated adverse effects due to any toxic pollutants that may be present in the sludge.
- 2. Sludge may only be transported using a registered transporter or using an approved pipeline.

### **B.** Record Keeping Requirements

- For sludge transported by an approved pipeline, the permittee must maintain records of the following:
  - a. the amount of sludge transported;
  - b. the date of transport;
  - the name and TCEQ permit number of the receiving facility or facilities;
  - the location of the receiving facility or facilities;
  - e. the name and TCEQ permit number of the facility that generated the waste; and
  - f. copy of the written agreement between the permittee and the receiving facility to accept sludge.
- 2. For sludge transported by a registered transporter, the permittee must maintain records of the completed trip tickets in accordance with 30 TAC § 312.145(a)(1)-(7) and amount of sludge transported.
- 3. The above records shall be maintained on-site on a monthly basis and shall be made available to the TCEQ upon request. These records shall be retained for at least five years.

### C. Reporting Requirements

The permittee shall report the following information annually to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 9) and Compliance Monitoring Team (MC 224) of the Enforcement Division, by September 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. Effective September 1, 2020, the permittee must submit this annual report using the online electronic reporting system available through the TCEQ website unless the permittee requests and obtains an electronic reporting waiver.

- Identify in the following categories (as applicable) the sewage sludge treatment process
  or processes at the facility: preliminary operations (e.g., sludge grinding and degritting),
  thickening (concentration), stabilization, anaerobic digestion, aerobic digestion,
  composting, conditioning, disinfection (e.g., beta ray irradiation, gamma ray irradiation,
  pasteurization), dewatering (e.g., centrifugation, sludge drying beds, sludge lagoons),
  heat drying, thermal reduction, and methane or biogas capture and recovery.
- 2. the annual sludge production;
- the amount of sludge transported;
- 4. the owner of each receiving facility;
- 5. the location of each receiving facility; and
- 6. the date(s) of disposal at each receiving facility.

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# OTHER REQUIREMENTS

- The permittee shall employ or contract with one or more licensed wastewater treatment facility
  operators or wastewater system operations companies holding a valid license or registration
  according to the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 30, Occupational Licenses and Registrations, and
  in particular 30 TAC Chapter 30, Subchapter J, Wastewater Operators and Operations Companies.
  - This Category C facility must be operated by a chief operator or an operator holding a Category C license or higher. The facility must be operated a minimum of five days per week by the licensed chief operator or an operator holding the required level of license or higher. The licensed chief operator or operator holding the required level of license or higher must be available by telephone or pager seven days per week. Where shift operation of the wastewater treatment facility is necessary, each shift that does not have the on-site supervision of the licensed chief operator must be supervised by an operator in charge who is licensed not less than one level below the category for the facility.
- 2. The facility is not located in the Coastal Management Program boundary.
- 3. The permittee is hereby placed on notice that this permit may be reviewed by the TCEQ after the completion of any new intensive water quality survey on Segment No. 1243 of the Brazos River Basin and any subsequent updating of the water quality model for Segment No. 1243 to determine if the limitations and conditions contained herein are consistent with any such revised model. The permit may be amended, pursuant to 30 TAC § 305.62, as a result of such review. The permittee is also hereby placed on notice that effluent limits may be made more stringent at renewal based on, for example, any change to modeling protocol approved in the TCEQ Continuing Planning Process.
- 4. The permittee shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC § 309.13(a) through (d). In addition, by ownership of the required buffer zone area, the permittee shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC § 309.13(e).
- 5. The permittee shall provide facilities for the protection of its wastewater treatment facility from a 100-year flood.
- 6. In accordance with 30 TAC § 319.9, a permittee that has at least twelve months of uninterrupted compliance with its bacteria limit may notify the commission in writing of its compliance and request a less frequent measurement schedule. To request a less frequent schedule, the permittee shall submit a written request to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) for each phase that includes a different monitoring frequency. The request must contain all of the reported bacteria values (Daily Avg. and Daily Max/Single Grab) for the twelve consecutive months immediately prior to the request. If the Executive Director finds that a less frequent measurement schedule is protective of human health and the environment, the permittee may be given a less frequent measurement schedule. For this permit, 1/month may be reduced to 1/quarter in the Interim and Final phases. A violation of any bacteria limit by a facility that has been granted a less frequent measurement schedule will require the permittee to return to the standard frequency schedule and submit written notice to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148). The permittee may not apply for another reduction in measurement frequency for at least 24 months from the date of the last violation. The Executive Director may establish a more frequent measurement schedule if necessary to protect human health or the environment.
- 7. Prior to construction of each phase of the treatment facilities, the permittee shall submit to the TCEQ Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) a summary transmittal letter in accordance with the requirements in 30 TAC § 217.6(d). If requested by the Wastewater Permitting Section, the permittee shall submit plans, specifications, and a final engineering design report which comply with 30 TAC Chapter 217, Design Criteria for Domestic Wastewater Systems. The permittee shall clearly show how

the treatment system will meet the effluent limitations required on Pages 2 and 2a of this permit. A copy of the summary transmittal letter shall be available at the plant site for inspection by authorized representatives of the TCEQ.

8. Reporting requirements according to 30 TAC §§ 319.1-319.11 and any additional effluent reporting requirements contained in this permit are suspended from the effective date of the permit until plant startup or discharge from the facility described by this permit, whichever occurs first. The permittee shall provide written notice to the TCEQ Regional Office (MC Region 9) and the Applications Review and Processing Team (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division at least forty-five (45) days prior to plant startup or anticipated discharge, whichever occurs first, and prior to completion of each additional phase on Notification of Completion Form 20007.

# CONTRIBUTING INDUSTRIES AND PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS

- 1. The following pollutants may not be introduced into the treatment facility:
  - a. Pollutants which create a fire or explosion hazard in the publicly owned treatment works (POTW), including, but not limited to, waste streams with a closed-cup flash point of less than 140° Fahrenheit (60° Celsius) using the test methods specified in 40 CFR § 261.21;
  - Pollutants which will cause corrosive structural damage to the POTW, but in no case shall there
    be discharges with a pH lower than 5.0 standard units unless the works are specifically designed
    to accommodate such discharges;
  - c. Solid or viscous pollutants in amounts which will cause obstruction to the flow in the POTW, resulting in Interference;
  - d. Any pollutant, including oxygen-demanding pollutants (e.g., biological oxygen demand), released in a discharge at a flow rate and/or pollutant concentration which will cause Interference with the POTW;
  - e. Heat in amounts which will inhibit biological activity in the POTW, resulting in Interference, but in no case shall there be heat in such quantities that the temperature at the POTW treatment plant exceeds 104° Fahrenheit (40° Celsius) unless the Executive Director, upon request of the POTW, approves alternate temperature limits;
  - f. Petroleum oil, nonbiodegradable cutting oil, or products of mineral oil origin in amounts that will cause Interference or Pass Through;
  - g. Pollutants which result in the presence of toxic gases, vapors, or fumes within the POTW in a quantity that may cause acute worker health and safety problems; and
  - h. Any trucked or hauled pollutants except at discharge points designated by the POTW.
- 2. The permittee shall require any indirect discharger to the treatment works to comply with the reporting requirements of Sections 204(b), 307, and 308 of the Clean Water Act, including any requirements established under 40 CFR Part 403 [rev. Federal Register/ Vol. 70/ No. 198/ Friday, October 14, 2005/ Rules and Regulations, pages 60134-60798].
- 3. The permittee shall provide adequate notification to the Executive Director, care of the Wastewater Permitting Section (MC 148) of the Water Quality Division, within 30 days subsequent to the permittee's knowledge of either of the following:
  - Any new introduction of pollutants into the treatment works from an indirect discharger which would be subject to Sections 301 and 306 of the Clean Water Act if it were directly discharging those pollutants; and
  - b. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the treatment works by a source introducing pollutants into the treatment works at the time of issuance of the permit.
    - Any notice shall include information on the quality and quantity of effluent to be introduced into the treatment works and any anticipated impact of the change on the quality or quantity of effluent to be discharged from the POTW.

Revised July 2007

The TCEQ is committed to accessibility.

To request a more accessible version of this report, please contact the TCEQ Help Desk at (512) 239-4357.



N/A

# Compliance History Report

Compliance History Report for CN603391541, RN105534630, Rating Year 2016 which includes Compliance History (CH) components from September 1, 2011, through August 31, 2016.

Ci	ustomer, Respondent, Owner/Operator:	CN603391541, Village of Salad	do <b>Cl</b> a	assification: H	IGH	Rating: 0.00		
Re	egulated Entity:	RN105534630, HIGHLANDS O WASTEWATER TREATMENT PL	F SALADO CI	assification: H	IGH	Rating: 0.00		
Co	omplexity Points:	3	Re	peat Violator:	NO			
CI	H Group:	08 - Sewage Treatment Facilit				_		
Lo	ocation:	APPROX 6 560 FT NE OF THE INTERSECTION IF IH 35 AND FM 2268 IN BELL CO BELL, TX, BELL COUNTY						
TO	CEQ Region:	REGION 09 - WACO						
	Number(s): ASTEWATER EPA ID TX012	5610	WASTEW	ATER PERMIT WQ	0014898001			
Cc	mpliance History Peri	od: September 01, 2011 to At		Rating Year:		g Date: 09/01/2016		
Da	ate Compliance History	Report Prepared: Decer	mber 19, 2016			3 5460.		
Aç	jency Decision Requiri	ng Compliance History:	Permit - Issuan revocation of a	ce, renewal, amen permit.	dment, modification	n, denial, suspension, c		
Co	mponent Period Selec	ted: August 10, 2011 to Dec	cember 19, 2016	5				
TC	EQ Staff Member to Co	ontact for Additional Info	rmation Rega	ording This Con	ipliance History			
	Name: GMT			Phone: (51		•		
						<del></del>		
Si	te and Owner/Opera	tor History:						
1)	Has the site been in existen	ce and/or operation for the full	five year compli	anco porteda	VEC			
2)	Has there been a (known) c	hange in ownership/operator of	the site during	ance period? the compliance per	YES			
<u>Cc</u>	<u>mponents (Multime</u>	dia) for the Site Are Lis	sted in Sect	ions A - J				
A.	Final Orders, court ju N/A	dgments, and consent de	ecrees:					
В.	Criminal convictions:							
C.	Chronic excessive em	issions events:						
D.	Item 1 November		nv. Track. No	.):				
	Item 2 October 08	, 2014 (1197270)						
E.	Written notices of violations (NOV) (CCEDS Inv. Track. No.): A notice of violation represents a written allegation of a violation of a specific regulatory requirement from the commission to a regulated entity. A notice of violation is not a final enforcement action, nor proof that a violation has actually occurred. N/A							
	MU							
F.	Environmental audits N/A	:						
G.	Type of environmenta	l management systems (	EMSs):					

- H. Voluntary on-site compliance assessment dates:
- I. Participation in a voluntary pollution reduction program:
- J. Early compliance:

Sites Outside of Texas:

# Appendix B – Wastewater System Map

